## Maths with Melissa

## **Two-Way Table Worksheet**

## **Example Two-Way Table**

The table below shows the results of a survey of 100 students about their preferred type of drink (Tea or Coffee) and whether they prefer it Hot or Cold.

	Hot	Cold	Total
Tea	30	20	50
Coffee	35	15	50
Total	65	35	100

### **Multiple Choice Questions**

### How many students prefer cold drinks?

a) 15 b) 20 c) 35 d) 50

What is the probability that a randomly selected student prefers hot coffee?

a) 0.15 b) 0.30 c) 0.35 d) 0.50

### Fill in the Blank Questions

### [Word Bank: marginal, conditional, 35, 50]

The total number of students who prefer coffee is \_\_\_\_\_.

The probability that a student prefers a hot drink given they like tea is an example of a \_\_\_\_\_ probability.

#### **Short Answer Questions**

Explain how a two-way table can be used to determine if there is an association between two variables.

Calculate the probability that a randomly selected student prefers tea, given that they prefer a cold drink.

#### **True/False Questions**

True or False: The sum of all the frequencies in a two-way table is equal to the total number of observations.

True or False: In the example above, more students prefer cold drinks than hot drinks.

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## **Answer Key**

## **Multiple Choice Answers**

- 1. c) 35
- 2. c) 0.35

#### Fill in the Blank Answers

- 1. 50
- 2. conditional

### **Short Answer Answers**

- 1. A two-way table allows you to compare the frequencies of different combinations of two variables, making it possible to see if changes in one variable are associated with changes in the other.
- 2. Probability = (Number who prefer tea and cold) / (Number who prefer cold) =  $20/35 \approx 0.571$

### **True/False Answers**

- 1. True
- 2. False 65 students prefer hot drinks, which is more than the 35 who prefer cold drinks.