Maths with Melissa

Arithmetic Sequence Fill-in-the-Gaps Worksheet

Complete each sentence by filling in the missing word or number. Use your knowledge of arithmetic sequences to help you.

1.	In an arithmetic sequence, the difference between consecutive terms is called the
2.	The first term of an arithmetic sequence is 7, and the common difference is 3. The second term is
3.	The sequence 4, 9, 14, 19, has a common difference of
4.	The nth term of an arithmetic sequence can be found using the formula: $a_n = a_1 + (n-1) \times d$, where a_1 is the term and d is the common difference.
5.	If the first term of an arithmetic sequence is 12 and the common difference is -2, the third term is
6.	In the sequence 20, 16, 12, 8,, the common difference is and the fifth term is
7.	The sequence 2, 5, 8, 11, is an example of an arithmetic sequence because each term increases by
8.	The tenth term of the arithmetic sequence 3, 7, 11, is
9.	If the common difference of a sequence is 0, all the terms in the sequence are
10.	The sum of the first four terms of the sequence 1, 4, 7, 10, is

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Answer Key

- 1. common difference
- 2. 10
- 3. 5
- 4. first
- 5. 8
- 6. -4, 4
- 7. 3
- 8. 39
- 9. equal (or the same)
- 10.22